#### AMERIKO - I

## Provisions of the Constitution having a bearing on the work of the Finance Commission.

## Article 268 - Duties levied by the Union but collected and appropriated by the States.

- (1) Such stamp duties and such duties of excise on medicinal and toilet preparations as are mentioned in the Union List shall be levied by the Government of India but shall be collected -
  - (a) in the case where such duties are leviable within any Union territory, by the Government of India, and
  - (b) in other cases, by the States within which such duties are respectively leviable.
- (2) The proceeds in any financial year of any such duty leviable within any State shall not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India, but shall be assigned to that State.

## Article 269 - Taxes levied and collected by the Union but assigned to the States.

- (1) The following duties and taxes shall be levied and collected by the Government of India but shall be assigned to the States in the manner provided in clause (2), namely:-
  - (a) duties in respect of succession to property other than agricultural land;
  - (b) estate duty in respect of property other than agricultural land;
  - (c) terminal taxes on goods or passengers carried by railway, sea or air;
  - (d) taxes on railway fares and freights;
  - (e) taxes other than stamp duties on transactions in stock exchanges and futures markets;
  - (f) taxes on the sale or purchase of newspapers and on advertisements published therein;
  - (g) taxes on the sale or purchase of goods other than newspapers, where such sale or purchase takes place in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
  - (2) The net proceeds in any financial year of any such duty or tax, except in so far as those proceeds represent proceeds attributable to Union territories, shall not form part of the

Consolidated Fund of India, but shall be assigned to the States within which that duty or tax is leviable in that year, and shall be distributed among those States in accordance with such principles of distribution as may be formulated by Parliament by law.

(3) Parliament may by law formulate principles for determining when a sale or purchase of goods takes place in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.

## Article 270 - Taxes levied and collected by the Union and distributed between the Union and the States.

- (1) Taxes on income other than agricultural income shall be levied and collected by the Government of India and distributed between the Union and the States in the manner provided in clause (2).
- (2) Such percentage, as may be prescribed, of the net proceeds in any financial year of any such tax, except in so far as those proceeds represent proceeds attributable to Union territories or to taxes payable in respect of Union emoluments, shall not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India, but shall be assigned to the States within which that tax is leviable in that year, and shall be distributed among those States in such manner and from such time as may be prescribed.
- (3) For the purposes of clause (2), in each financial year such percentage as may be prescribed of so much of the net proceeds of taxes on income as does not represent the net proceeds of taxes payable in respect of Union emoluments shall be deemed to represent proceeds attributable to Union territories.
- (4) In this article -
  - (a) "taxes on income" does not include a corporation tax:
  - (b) "prescribed" means -
    - (i) until a Finance Commission has been constituted, prescribed by the President by Order, and

- (ii) after a Finance Commission has been constituted prescribed by the President by Order after considering the recommendations of the Finance Commission;
- (c) "Union emoluments" includes all emoluments and pensions payable out of the Consolidated Fund of India in respect of which income-tax is chargeable.

## Article 271 - Surcharge on certain duties and taxes for purposes of the Union.

Notwithstanding anything in articles 269 and 270, Carliament may at any time increase any of the duties or taxes referred to in those articles by a surcharge for purposes of the Union and the whole proceeds of any such surcharge shall form part of the Consolidated Fund of India.

# Article 272 - Taxes which are levied and collected by the Union and may be distributed between the Union and the States.

Union duties of excise other than such duties of excise on medicinal and toilet preparations as are mentioned in the Union List shall be levied and collected by the Government of Union List shall be levied and collected by the Government of India, but, if Parliament by law so provides, there shall be India out of the Consolidated Fund of India to the States to paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India to the States to which the law imposing the duty extends sums equivalent to which the law imposing the net proceeds of that duty, and the whole or any part of the net proceeds of that duty, and those sums shall be distributed among those States in accorthose sums shall be distributed among those States in accordance with such principles of distribution as may be formulated by such law.

# Article 274 - Prior recommendation of President required to Bills affecting taxation in which States are interested.

(1) No Bill or amendment which imposes or varies any tax or duty in which States are interested, or which varies the meaning of the expression "agricultural income" as defined for the purposes of the enactments relating to Indian incometax, or which affects the principles on which under any of tax, or which affects the principles on which under any of the foregoing provisions of this Chapter moneys are or may be distributable to States, or which imposes any such surcharge for the purposes of the Union as is mentioned in the foregoing

provisions of this Chapter, shall be introduced or moved in either House of Parliament except on the recommendations of the President.

(2) In this article, the expression "tax or duty in which / (a) a tax or duty the whole or part of the net proceeds whereof are assigned to any state; or

/States are interested" (b) a tax or duty by reference to the net proceeds whereof sums are for the time being payable out of the Consolidated Fund of India to any State.

### Article 275 - Grants from the Union to certain States.

(1) Such sums as Parliament may by law provide shall be charged on the Consolidated Fund of India in each year as grants-in-aid of the revenues of such States as Parliament may determine to be in need of assistance, and different sums may be fixed for different States:

Provided that there shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India as grants-in-aid of the revenues of a State such capital and recurring sums as may be necessary to enable that State to meet the costs of such schemes of development as may be undertaken by the State with the approval of the Government of India for the purpose of promoting the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes in that State or raising the level of administration of the Scheduled Areas therein to that of the administration of the rest of the areas of that State:

Provided further that there shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India as grants-in-aid of the revenues of the State of Assam sums, capital and recurring equivalent to -

- (a) the average excess of expenditure over the revenues during the two years immediately preceding the commencement of this Constitution in respect of the administration of the tribal areas specified in Part A of the table appended to paragraph 20 of the Sixth Schedule; and
- (b) the cost of such schemes of development as may be undertaken by that State with the approval of the Government of India for the purpose of raising the level of administration of the said areas to that of the administration of the rest of the areas of that State.

(2) Until provision is made by Parliament under clause (1), the powers conferred on Parliament under that clause shall be exercisable by the President by order and any order made by the President under this clause shall have effect subject to any provision so made by Parliament:

Provided that after a Finance Commission has been constituted no order shall be made under this clause by the President except after considering the recommendations of the Finance Commission.

### Article 279 - Calculation of "net proceeds", etc.

- (1) In the foregoing provisions of this Chapter, "net proceeds" means in relation to any tax or duty the proceeds thereof reduced by the cost of collection, and for the purposes of those provisions the net proceeds of any tax or duty, or of any part of any tax or duty, in or attributable to any area shall be ascertained and certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India, whose certificate shall be final.
- (2) Subject as aforesaid, and to any other express provision of this Chapter, a law made by Parliament or an order of the President may, in any case where under this Part the proceeds of any duty or tax are, or may be, assigned to any State, provide for the manner in which the proceeds are to be calculated, for the time from or at which and the manner in which any payments are to be made, for the making of adjustments between one financial year and another, and for any other incidental or ancillary matters.

### article 280 - Finance Commission,

(1) The President shall, within two years from the commencement of this Constitution and thereafter at the expiration of every fifth year or at such earlier time as the President considers necessary, by order constitute a Finance Commission which shall consist of a Chairman and four other members to be appointed by the President.

- (2) Parliament may by law determine the qualifications which shall be requisite for appointment as members of the Commission and the manner in which they shall be selected.
- (3) It shall be the duty of the Commission to make recomnendations to the President as to -
  - (a) the distribution between the Union and the States of the net proceeds of taxes which are to be, or may be, divided between them under this chapter and the allocation between the States of the respective shares of such proceeds;
  - (b) the principles which should govern the grants-inaid of the revenues of the States out of the Consolidated Fund of India:
  - (c) any other matter referred to the Commission by the President in the interests of sound finance.
- (4) The Commission shall determine their procedure and shall have such powers in the performance of their functions as Parliament may by law confer on them.

#### article 281 - Recommendations of the Finance Commission.

The President shall cause every recommendation made by the Finance Commission under the provisions of this Constitution together with an explanatory memorandum as to the action taken thereon to be laid before each House of Parliament.

### <u>article 282</u> - Expenditure defrayable by the Union or a State out of its revenues.

The Union or a State may make any grants for any public purpose, notwithstanding that the purpose is not one with respect to which Parliament or the Legislature of the State, as the case may be, may make laws.